IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the following claims as indicated below:

(Currently Amended) A spread spectrum receiver, comprising:

and antenna for receiving a spread spectrum signal;

linear predictive coefficients representing is used to remove periodic or quasiperiodic signals within a specified band containing said spread spectrum signal and wherein said linear predictive coefficients are discarded.

- 2. (Original) The spread spectrum receiver of Claim 1, wherein said digital filter comprises a linear predictive coding filter.
- 3. (Cancelled) The spread spectrum receiver of Claim 2, wherein said linear predictive coding filter comprises a lattice structure.
- 4. (Original) The spread spectrum receiver of Claim 1, wherein said specified band corresponds to IEEE 802.11(b).
- 5. (Original) The spread spectrum receiver of Claim 1, wherein said specified band corresponds to Bluetooth.
- 6. (Original) The spread spectrum receiver of Claim 1 further comprising a modulated CDMA receiver.

- 7. (Original) The spread spectrum receiver of Claim 1 further comprising an analog-to-digital converter which converts said spread spectrum signal received by said antenna into a digital signal which is input directly into said digital filter.
- 8. (Cancelled) The spread spectrum receiver of Claim 7, wherein said digital filter outputs a first set of terms which correspond to said periodic signals and a second set of terms which does not include said periodic signals.
- 9. (Cancelled) The spread spectrum receiver of Claim 8, wherein said first set of terms are discarded and said second set of terms are used for signal processing purposes.
- 10. (Original) The spread spectrum receiver of Claim 2, wherein said linear predictive coding filter outputs a prediction error which is used for signal processing purposes.
- 11. (Currently Amended) A linear predictive coding filter for filtering out periodic or quasi-periodic signals in a spread spectrum system, wherein the linear predictive coding filter outputs error information which is then used for signal processing purposes.
- 12. (Cancelled) The linear predictive coding filter of Claim 11, wherein said filter comprises a gradient adaptive lattice.
- 13. (Original) The linear predictive coding filter of Claim 11, wherein said spread spectrum system comprises a direct sequence spread spectrum system.

- 14. (Original) The linear predictive coding filter of Claim 11, wherein said spread spectrum system comprises a frequency hopping spread spectrum system.
- 15. (Currently Amended) The linear predictive coding filter of Claim 11, wherein linear prediction terms are discarded and error terms are used in signal processing.
- 16. (Original) The linear predictive coding filter of Claim 11, wherein said filter is used to filter out said periodic or quasi-periodic signals in compliance with IEEE 802.11(b).
- 17. (Original) The linear predictive coding filter of Claim 11, wherein said filter is used to filter out said periodic or quasi-periodic signals in compliance with Bluetooth.
- 18. (Original) The linear predictive coding filter of Claim 11, wherein said filter is used to filter out said periodic or quasi-periodic signals in a standard modulated CDMA system.
- 19. (Original) The linear predictive coding filter of Claim 11, wherein said filter is used in a wireless peer-to-peer system.
- 20. (Currently Amended) A method for filtering periodic or quasi-periodic signals in a spread spectrum signal, comprising:

receiving said spread spectrum signal; digitizing said spread spectrum signal; determining linear predictive coefficients corresponding to said spread spectrum signal;

discarding said linear predictive coefficients, wherein the linear predictive coefficients are not used to actively filter said spread spectrum signal;

determining error coefficients corresponding to said spread spectrum signal; using processing said error coefficients in signal processing to retrieve information contained in the spread spectrum signal.

- 21. (Original) The method of Claim 20, wherein a linear predictive coding filter is used to determine said linear predictive coefficients and said error coefficients.
- 22. (Cancelled) The method of Claim 20 further comprising the step of performing a gradient adaptive lattice method to determine said linear predictive coefficients and said error coefficients.
- 23. (Original) The method of Claim 20 further comprising the step of filtering said periodic or quasi-periodic signals in accordance with IEEE 802.11(b).
- 24. (Original) The method of Claim 20 further comprising the step of filtering said periodic or quasi-periodic signals in accordance with Bluetooth.
- 25. (Original) The method of Claim 20, wherein said spread spectrum signal comprises a modulated CDMA.
- 26. (Re-presented formerly dependent claim #3) A spread spectrum receiver, comprising:

an antenna for receiving a spread spectrum signal;

a digital linear predictive coding filter having a lattice structure coupled to said antenna, wherein said digital filter is used to remove periodic or quasi-periodic signals within a specified band containing said spread spectrum signal.

27. (Re-presented - formerly dependent claim #8) A spread spectrum receiver, comprising:

an antenna for receiving a spread spectrum signal;

a digital filter coupled to said antenna, wherein said digital filter is used to remove periodic or quasi-periodic signals within a specified band containing said spread spectrum signal and said digital filter outputs a first set of terms which correspond to said periodic signals and a second set of terms which does not include said periodic signals;

an analog-to-digital converter which converts said spread spectrum signal received by said antenna into a digital signal which is input directly into said digital filter.

- 28. (New) The spread spectrum receiver of Claim 27, wherein said first set of terms are discarded and said second set of terms are used for signal processing purposes.
- 29. (Re-presented formerly dependent claim #12) A linear predictive coding filter for filtering out periodic or quasi-periodic signals in a spread spectrum system, wherein said filter comprises a gradient adaptive lattice.
- 30. (Re-presented formerly dependent claim #22) A method for filtering periodic or quasi-periodic signals in a spread spectrum signal, comprising:

receiving said spread spectrum signal;

digitizing said spread spectrum signal;

using a linear predictive coding filter to determine linear predictive coefficients and error coefficients corresponding to said spread spectrum signal;

performing a gradient adaptive lattice method to determine said linear predictive coefficients and said error coefficients;

discarding said linear predictive coefficients; using said error coefficients in signal processing.